



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

Key Information about Alaska as of December 2019

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception ⁱ	Does State Have Law or Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	Yes
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	No
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	No
State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception	No
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
State laws/policies to protect contraceptive coverage	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention ⁱⁱ	Annual Funding
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) ¹	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$250,000
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted not to receive PREP formula grant)	-
Tribal PREP	\$535,680
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program ^{1, 2}	\$2,000,000
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	\$744,329
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive)	-
Title V Competitive Sexual Risk Avoidance Education	\$122,620
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program ³	-
Title X Family Planning Program	\$1,600,000 (but losing 64% of funds) ^{iv}

State Stats ⁱⁱⁱ
36,080 women in need of publicly funded contraception live in contraceptive deserts
Of these women, 7,540 live in counties without a single health center that provides the full range of birth control methods ^{iv}
52% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2018

¹ Evidence-based education programs

² This may include multi-state grants and/or grants that were awarded to an organization in another state, but are benefitting youth in your state.

³ Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016.

FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS⁴

Current Grants

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)

FY 2019

State of Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health

\$250,000

The Department of Health and Social Services is using PREP funds to provide evidence-based curriculum to Native Alaskan youth in schools in high need geographic areas.

Tribal PREP

FY 2016 – FY 2020

Cook Inlet Tribal Council, Inc.

\$ 535,680

The Cook Inlet Tribal Council's, Inc. program serves approximately 72 youth annually. The target population is AI/AN youth ages 10 to 19, and pregnant and parenting youth under age 21. The program curriculum will be determined based on a needs assessment.

Title V Competitive Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program

FY2019

Kunquyak Traditional Council – Toksook Bay, AK

\$122,620

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 2

FY 2015 – FY 2019

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest - Seattle, WA

Program model: *Linking Families and Teens (LiFT)*

\$1,000,000

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest and the Hawaiian Islands (PPGNW) intends to reduce teen pregnancy rates, increase use of contraceptives, and delay initiation of sexual activity among rural, 9-12th grade youth by increasing parent-child connectedness, and increasing youth's self-efficacy, knowledge, and skill related to sexual health and pregnancy prevention in Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Utah, **Alaska** and Hawaii. In order to achieve this goal, PPGNW implements LiFT, a program designed specifically for rural communities that brings 9-12th grade youth and their parenting adult together to share family values, strengthen family bonds, and talk about healthy relationships and sexual health.

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest - Seattle, WA

Program model: *IN•cluded: Inclusive Healthcare—Youth and Providers Empowered*

\$1,000,000

PPGNW intends to prevent teen pregnancy and sexual transmitted infections in the LGBTQ youth population. In order to achieve this goal, PPGNW implements the IN•cluded program delivered in 14 communities in **Alaska**, Washington, Oregon, Utah, Minnesota, and Massachusetts through the PPGNW Teen Council Peer Education program. Each teen council group will deliver trainings to two different audiences: 1) IN•cluded for health care staff and providers, a three hour workshop delivered by peer teen educators in two 1.5 hour segments that include best practices for working with LGBTQ youth; and 2) IN.cluded for LGBTQ youth, a three hour interactive workshop delivered by teen peer educators to their

⁴ Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted.

peers who identify as gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, or queer/questioning. The workshop includes education related to sexual risk prevention and information about how to access sexual health services.

Prior Grants

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 1 FY 2010 – FY 2014

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest - Seattle, WA
Program model: *Teen Outreach Program*TM
\$4,000,000

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 2 FY 2010 – FY 2014

State of Alaska, Division of Public Health, Section of Women’s, Children’s & Family Health
Program model or strategy: *Making Proud Choices!* Adaptation
\$599,985

PREGNANCY ASSISTANCE FUND

FY 2018 – FY 2020

Cook Inlet Tribal Council, Inc.– Anchorage, Alaska
Settings: Community Service Centers
\$744,329

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN ALASKA^{iv}

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 6,882 women in Alaska in 2018.⁵
- Services at Title X-supported centers helped women avoid 1,800 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 900 births and 600 abortions.
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Alaska saved \$18 million in public funds in a single year.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Alaska received for Title X increased by \$702,707. The number of patients served declined by 1,109 (11%) during that time.
- In 2017, prior to the new Title X rule, 10 clinics in Alaska received support from Title X. They include Planned Parenthood clinics (4), health department clinics (3), federally qualified health centers (1), family planning health centers (1), and other service sites (1).
- In August 2019, the new Title X rule went into effect, forcing one of Alaska’s Title X clinics to exit the program. As a result, the state has lost 64% of its Title X funds.

⁵ “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

About Power to Decide: *Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at PowerToDecide.org.*

For Further Information

ⁱ For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>

ⁱⁱ For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>

ⁱⁱⁱ See more state statistics at <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/alaska>

^{iv} For more information see our contraceptive deserts map <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/access/birth-control-access> and the impact of forcing out safety-net providers from the Title X clinic network in your state <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/health-centers-offering-full-range-methods-excluding-title>