



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

Key Information about Missouri as of December 2019

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception ⁱ	Does State Have Law of Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	No
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	No [†]
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	Yes
State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception	No
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
State laws/policies to protect contraceptive coverage	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

[†] Missouri operates an entirely state-funded program to provide family planning services to women over 18 who have income up to 185% of the federal poverty level.

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention ⁱⁱ	Current Annual Funding Level
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) ¹	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$966,558
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted out)	-
Tribal PREP	-
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program ^{1, 2}	\$1,249,997
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	\$637,888
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive)	\$1,150,391
Title V Competitive Sexual Risk Avoidance Education	\$263,325
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program ³	\$1,917,552
Title X Family Planning Program	\$5,000,000

State Stats ⁱⁱⁱ
388,070 women in need of publicly funded contraception live in contraceptive deserts
Of these women, 89,340 live in counties where not a single health center provides the full range of birth control methods ^{iv}
38% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2017

FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS⁴

¹ Evidence-based education programs

² This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in MO

³ Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016

⁴ Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted.

Current Grants

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)

FY 2019

Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

\$966,558

The Missouri PREP state grant program distributes funding to local entities to serve youth residing in areas with high teen birth rates, high STD rates, and other related risk factors including poverty, low education levels, and youth in or aging out of the foster care system. Evidence-based programming targets youth ages 12–18 in community-based settings.

Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Grant

FY 2019

Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

\$1,150,391

The Missouri abstinence education grant provides a sub-grant to Lincoln University Extension Cooperatives to support programming targeted toward youth ages 10–19 in Dunklin, Jackson, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscott, Scott, and St. Louis counties. Programming primarily serves African-American youth and youth in foster care. In addition, funds support a statewide media campaign.

Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program Grant

FY 2019

Curators of the University of Missouri on behalf of UMSL – St. Louis, MO

\$958,776

ThriVe St Louis – St. Louis, MO

\$958,776

Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPPP) — Tier 1

FY 2015 – FY 2019

Better Family Life - Saint Louis, MO

Program models: *Promoting Health among Teens-Abstinence Only; Making Proud Choices!; Sisters Saving Sisters*

\$1,249,997

Better Family Life, Inc. (BFL) is a St. Louis, Missouri community development corporation with 32 years of experience in operating programs to strengthen St. Louis Families. BFL is partnering with 22 St. Louis City, MO, St. Louis County, MO, and St. Clair County, IL, public and private schools in six different area school districts. The BFL Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program is designed to educate youth on positive sexual health decision making and emphasizes abstinence. BFL implements evidence-based initiatives, programs and services to reduce teen pregnancy, HIV, other STDs, and risky sexual behavior among adolescents in middle school, high school, and community/after school settings in the greater metropolitan area. The BFL initiative seeks to empower students in urban and suburban communities to navigate adolescence so they make proud choices that reflect their passion and potential.

Prior Grants

Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program

FY 2016 – FY 2018

The Curators of the University of Missouri-St. Louis

St. Louis, MO
\$548,104

ThriVe St. Louis
St. Louis, MO
\$536,946

**Personal Responsibility Education Innovation Strategies (PREIS)
FY 2010 – FY 2015**

Education Development Center, Inc. - Newton, MA
Project name: More Than a Dream Teen Pregnancy Prevention for Latino Youth
\$773,359

**Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPPP) — Tier 1
FY 2010 – FY 2014**

Better Family Life - St. Louis, MO	\$998,500
The Women’s Clinic of Kansas City - Independence, MO	\$1,045,158
Washington University - St. Louis, MO	\$400,000

**PREGNANCY ASSISTANCE FUND
FY 2015 – FY 2019**

Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education - Jefferson City, MO
\$637,888

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN MISSOURI^{iv}

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 34,623 women in Missouri in 2018.⁵

⁵ “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

- Services at Title X-supported centers helped women avoid 11,100 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 5,400 births and 4,000 abortions.
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Missouri saved \$99.2 million in public funds in a single year.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Missouri received for Title X decreased by \$1,134,644, resulting in 30,855 fewer (45%) patients served.
In 2017, prior to the new Title X rule, 64 clinics in Missouri received support from Title X. They included health department clinics (37), family planning health centers (12), federally qualified health centers (6), Planned Parenthood clinics (5), hospitals (3), and other service sites (1).
- In August 2019, the new Title X rule went into effect, forcing some of Missouri’s Title X clinics to exit the program.

For Further Information

- ⁱ For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>
- ⁱⁱ For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>
- ⁱⁱⁱ See more state statistics at <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/Missouri>
- ^{iv} See our contraceptive deserts map <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/access/birth-control-access> and the impact of forcing out safety-net providers from the Title X clinic network in your state <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/health-centers-offering-full-range-methods-excluding-title>

About Power to Decide: *Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at PowerToDecide.org.*