# Key Information about Connecticut

as of December 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception</th>
<th>Does State Have Law or Policy?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State laws/policies to protect contraceptive coverage</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funding Stream</th>
<th>Current Annual Funding Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)</td>
<td>$573,477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted out)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tribal PREP</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program</td>
<td>$999,999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)</td>
<td>$970,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title V Competitive Sexual Risk Avoidance Education</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title X Family Planning Program</td>
<td>$2,400,000 (but losing 88% of funds)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## State Stats

- 180,000 women in need of publicly funded contraception live in contraceptive deserts
- 8,530 women in need live in counties without access to a single health center that provides the full range of methods
- 44% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2019

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1. Evidence-based education programs
2. This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in CT.
3. Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016
FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS

Current Grants

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)
FY 2019
State of Connecticut Department of Public Health
$573,477
The Connecticut Department of Public Health is using PREP funds to provide evidence-based programs to youth in the child welfare and juvenile justice systems.

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 1
FY 2015 – FY 2019
City of Hartford - Hartford, CT
Program models: Be Proud! Be Responsible!; Get Real; Love Notes, Making a Difference
$999,999
The Hartford Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative (HTPPI), a partnership of several organizations, including the City of Hartford Health and Human Services as the lead agency, intends to reduce rates of teen pregnancy, STIs, and HIV in the City of Hartford by 10% by 2020. HTPPI uses four primary strategies to achieve this goal: 1) Developing a sustainable, citywide community collaborative to focus on teen pregnancy prevention; 2) Increasing youth access to health services; 3) Increasing capacity of community-based organizations to provide sexual health information to teens; and 4) Providing technical assistance and support to ensure the utilization of best practice strategies and curricula.

Prior Grants

Competitive Abstinence Education Grant Program
FY 2013 (to be spent through FY 2014)
GBAPP, Inc. - Bridgeport, CT
$421,516

Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)
FY 2010 – FY 2015
The Village for Families & Children, Inc. - Hartford, CT
$832,467

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 1
FY 2010 – FY 2014
New England Network for Child, Youth - Charlotte, Vermont
& Family Services, Inc.
Served 14 communities across Connecticut
Congregación León de Judá - Boston, MA
$599,889
Served 30 community-based sites in Boston and Lawrence, MA; Providence, RI; and Hartford, CT.

CDC Grant
FY 2010 – FY 2014
The City of Hartford, Department of Health and Human Services
$900,000

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4 Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted.
PREGNANCY ASSISTANCE FUND
FY 2018 – FY 2020
Connecticut Office of Early Childhood - Hartford, CT
$970,000
The Connecticut Office of Early Childhood (OCE) in partnership with the Connecticut State Department of Education will support the delivery of comprehensive services to expectant and parenting teens, women, fathers, and their families in up to six Connecticut communities: Bridgeport, Hartford, New Britain, New Haven, Waterbury, and Windham. Using a family-centered, multi-generational approach, OCE will support the educational, health, and social needs of expectant and parenting teens in high schools and community-based organizations

Connecticut State Department of Education - Hartford, CT
Program Categories: High schools and Community Service Centers
$1,500,000

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN CONNECTICUT

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 42,865 women in Connecticut in 2018.5
- Services at Title X-supported clinics helped women avoid 8,600 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 4,200 births and 3,100 abortions.
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Connecticut saved $81 million in public funds in a single year.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Connecticut received for Title X decreased by $102,167 resulting in 1,709 fewer (4%) patients served.
- In 2017, prior to the new Title X rule, 26 clinics in Connecticut received support from Title X. They included Planned Parenthood clinics (12), school-based health centers (12), and federally qualified health centers (2).
- In August 2019, the new Title X rule went into effect, forcing one of Connecticut’s Title X grantees to exit the program. As a result, the state has lost 88% of its Title X funds.

5 “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

About Power to Decide: Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at PowerToDecide.org.
For Further Information

1 For an overview of these state policies, see https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance
2 For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance
3 See more state statistics at https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/connecticut
4 See our contraceptive deserts map https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/access/birth-control-access and the impact of forcing out safety-net providers from the Title X clinic network in your state https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/health-centers-offering-full-range-methods-excluding-title