



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

**Key Information about Montana**  
as of November 2021

<b>State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception<sup>i</sup></b>	<b>Does State Have Law or Policy?</b>
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	Yes
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	Yes
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	Yes
State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception	Yes
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
State laws/policies to protect contraceptive coverage	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

<b>Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention<sup>ii</sup></b>	<b>Current Annual Funding Level</b>
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) <sup>1</sup>	
State PREP (if state opted to receive)	\$250,000
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted out)	-
Tribal PREP	\$350,000
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program <sup>1, 2</sup>	-
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	
PAF funding needs to be reauthorized	Expired 6/30/2020
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive)	\$184,753
Title V Competitive Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted out)	-
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program <sup>3</sup>	-
Title X Family Planning Program	\$1,900,000

<b>State Stats<sup>iii</sup></b>
57,030 women in need of publicly funded contraception live in contraceptive deserts Of these women, 16,550 live in counties where not a single health center provides the full range of birth control methods <sup>iv</sup>
41% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2018

<sup>1</sup> Evidence-based education programs

<sup>2</sup> This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in MT

<sup>3</sup> Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016

## **FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS<sup>4</sup>**

### **Tribal Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)**

#### **FY2021**

Blackfeet Tribe of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation - Browning, MT \$350,000

### **State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)**

#### **FY 2021**

Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services \$250,000  
The grantee target populations are American Indian and white youth, ages 10 to 19, in the juvenile justice system, alternative schools, Job Corps and youth who are pregnant/parenting under 21 years of age. The program is implementing evidence-based curricula, *Draw the Line/Respect the Line* and *Reducing the Risk* in schools, the reservation, juvenile justice, addiction services and community-based settings in Silver Bow, Custer, Rosebud, Deer Lodge, Flathead, and Missoula counties. Montana PREP plans to serve 2,295 youth annually and incorporate adulthood preparation subjects in its program to include, adolescent development, healthy life skills, and healthy relationships.

### **Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education**

#### **FY 2021**

Montana Department of Health and Human Services \$184,753  
The State of Montana serves 1,225 youth ages 10–19 in "high-need" counties with high population densities including: Yellowstone, Flathead, Cascade, Lewis and Clark, and Lake. Sub-recipients provide programming in schools and community centers using *Making Proud Choices*, *Reducing the Risk*, *Draw the Line/Respect the Line*, *Families Talking Together*, or the *Fourth R*.

### **Prior Grants**

### **Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program – Tier 2**

#### **FY 2018 – FY 2019**

Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services - Helena, MT \$375,000

### **Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program – Tier 2**

#### **FY 2015 – FY 2019**

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest (PPGNW) - Seattle, WA \$1,000,000  
Program model: *IN•cluded: Inclusive Healthcare—Youth and Providers Empowered*  
PPGNW awarded grant to implement the In•cluded program delivered in 14 communities in Alaska, Massachusetts, Minnesota, **Montana**, Oregon, Utah, and Washington through the PPGNW Teen Council Peer Education program.

### **Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program – Tier 1**

#### **FY 2010 – FY 2014**

Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest - Seattle, WA \$4,000,000  
*Served youth in 27 counties across Alaska, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington.*

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<sup>4</sup> Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted.

## **PREGNANCY ASSISTANCE FUND**

### **FY 2018 – FY 2020**

Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services - Helena, Montana  
Settings: High Schools, Community Service Centers, Institutions of Higher Education  
\$970,000

### **Funded 2013 – 2016**

Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes - Pablo, Montana  
Program Categories: High Schools and Community Service Centers  
\$504,343

### **Funded 2010 – 2013 and 2013 – 2016**

Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services - Helena, MT  
Program Categories: High School and Community Service Centers  
\$1,000,000

## **TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN MONTANA <sup>iv</sup>**

- Title X-supported centers provided contraceptive care to 11,971 women in Montana in 2019.<sup>5</sup>
- Services at Title X-supported centers helped women avoid 4,200 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 2,200 births and 1,700 abortions.
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Montana saved \$29.5 million in public funds in a single year.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Montana received for Title X decreased by \$51,907, resulting in 9,159 fewer (34%) patients served.
- In 2017, prior to the new Title X rule, 29 clinics in Montana received support from Title X. They included health department clinics (18), Planned Parenthood clinics (5), federally qualified health centers (5), and a family planning health center (1).
- In August 2019, the new Title X rule went into effect, forcing some of Montana's Title X clinics to exit the program.

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<sup>5</sup> "Title X-supported centers" are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

## For Further Information

<sup>i</sup> For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>

<sup>ii</sup> For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>

<sup>iii</sup> See more state statistics at <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/montana>

<sup>iv</sup> See our contraceptive deserts map <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/access/birth-control-access> and the impact of forcing out safety-net providers from the Title X clinic network in your state <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/health-centers-offering-full-range-methods-excluding-title>

**About Power to Decide:** *Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at PowerToDecide.org.*