



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

Key Information about New Hampshire as of November 2021

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception ⁱ	Does State Have Law or Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	Yes
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	Yes
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	Yes
State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception	Yes
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	Yes
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
State laws/policies to protect contraceptive coverage	Yes
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention ⁱⁱ	Current Annual Funding Level
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) ¹	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$250,000
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted not to receive PREP formula grant)	-
Tribal PREP	-
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program ^{1, 2}	-
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF) PAF funding needs to be reauthorized	- <i>Expired 6/30/2020</i>
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive)	-
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program ³	-
Title X Family Planning Program	\$1,400,000 (but lost 43% of funds) ^{iv}

State Stats ⁱⁱⁱ
60,220 women in need of publicly funded contraception live in contraceptive deserts. ^{iv}
26% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2018

FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS⁴

¹ Evidence-based education programs

² This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in NH

³ Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016

⁴ Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted.

Current Grants

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)

FY2021

New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services \$250,000
New Hampshire's PREP program serves youth ages 15 to 19 in Manchester and Sullivan counties. The program implements the evidence-based curricula, *Focus, Reducing the Risk, Be Proud! Be Responsible!*, and *Draw the line/Respect the line* curricula. New Hampshire PREP is implementing in schools, community organizations, and health clinic settings. It focuses on serving pregnant or parenting youth, youth in foster care or the juvenile justice system, and runaway and homeless youth, and provides programming to students on the following adult preparation subjects: adolescent development, healthy life skills, and healthy relationships. New Hampshire PREP plans to serve 200 participants annually.

Prior Grants

Pregnancy Assistance Fund

FY 2015 – FY 2019

New Hampshire Department of Education Concord, NH \$381,731

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN NEW HAMPSHIRE^{iv}

- Title X-supported centers provided contraceptive care to 8,663 women in New Hampshire in 2019.⁵
- Services at Title X-supported centers helped women avoid 4,300 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 2,100 births and 1,600 abortions.
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in New Hampshire saved \$16.1 million in public funds in a single year.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding New Hampshire received for Title X decreased by \$65,715, resulting in 9,423 fewer (37%) patients served.
- In 2017, prior to the new Title X rule, 15 clinics in New Hampshire received support from Title X. They included federally qualified health centers (8), Planned Parenthood clinics (5), and family planning health centers (2).
- In August 2019, the new Title X rule went into effect, forcing one of New Hampshire's Title X grantees to exit the program. As a result, the state has lost 43% of its Title X funds and only two clinics—one family planning health center and one federally qualified health center—received support from Title X.

⁵ "Title X-supported centers" are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

For Further Information

- ⁱ For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>
- ⁱⁱ For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>
- ⁱⁱⁱ See more state statistics at <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/new-hampshire>
- ^{iv} See our contraceptive deserts map <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/access/birth-control-access> and the impact of forcing out safety-net providers from the Title X clinic network in your state <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/health-centers-offering-full-range-methods-excluding-title>

About Power to Decide: *Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at PowerToDecide.org.*