



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

## Key Information about Kansas as of January 2019

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception*	Does State Have Law or Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	No
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	No
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	No
State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception	No
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention**	Current Annual Funding Level
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) <sup>1</sup>	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	-
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted out)	-
Tribal PREP	-
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program <sup>1, 2</sup>	-
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	\$941,475
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive)	\$543,079
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program <sup>3</sup>	\$462,032
Title X Family Planning Program	\$2,488,000

State Stats
34% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2016
See more state stats at <a href="https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/kansas">https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/kansas</a>

\* For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>

\*\* For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>

### FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Evidence-based education programs

<sup>2</sup> This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in KS.

<sup>3</sup> Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016.

<sup>4</sup> Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted. Kansas received PREP funds annually FY 2010 – FY 2015, but opted not to apply for the FY 2016 round of state PREP formula grants.

### **Title V State Abstinence Education Grant**

Kansas State Department of Health and Environment

\$543,079

Kansas is using the abstinence grant to work with the Children's Alliance in 11 counties. Children's Alliance provides community-based programming for youth ages 10–20, targeting those in foster care.

### **Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program Grant**

**FY 2016 – FY 2018**

Kansas State University

Manhattan, KS

\$462,032

### **Pregnancy Assistance Fund**

**FY 2018**

Kansas Department of Health and Environment

Topeka, KS

Settings: Community Health Centers, Institutions of Higher Education

\$941,475

**FY 2017**

Kansas Department of Health and Environment

Topeka, KS

Program Categories: High Schools and Community Service Centers

\$1,153,249

## **TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN KANSAS**

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 25,870 women in Kansas in 2014.<sup>5</sup> These services helped women avoid 3,300 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 3,100 births and 2,300 abortions.
- In the absence of publicly-funded family planning services, the number of unintended pregnancies and abortions in Kansas would be 33% higher.<sup>6</sup>
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Kansas saved \$64.2 million in public funds in 2010.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Kansas received for Title X decreased by \$392,688, resulting in 20,874 fewer (48%) patients served.
- In 2017, 65 clinics in Kansas received support from Title X. They included local health department clinics (64) and federally qualified health centers (1).

***About Power to Decide:** Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at [PowerToDecide.org](http://PowerToDecide.org).*

---

<sup>5</sup> “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

<sup>6</sup> “Publicly-funded family planning services” refers to all public funding sources that support family planning services, including Medicaid, Title X, and other state and federal resources.