



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

## Key Information about Nebraska as of January 2019

State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception*	Does State Have Law or Policy?
Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows	Yes
Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA)	No
Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC	No
State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception	No
State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives	No
State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy	No
Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception	-

Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention**	Current Annual Funding Level
Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) <sup>1</sup>	
State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant)	\$296,603
Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted not to receive PREP formula grant)	-
Tribal PREP <sup>2</sup>	\$598,227
Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)	-
Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program <sup>1,2</sup>	\$965,988
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF)	\$969,906
Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive)	\$311,440
Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program <sup>3</sup>	-
Title X Family Planning Program	\$2,107,000

State Stats
35% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2015
See more state stats at <a href="https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/nebraska">https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/nebraska</a>

\*For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>

\*\* For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>

<sup>1</sup> Evidence-based education programs

<sup>2</sup> This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in NE

<sup>3</sup> Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016

## **FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS<sup>4</sup>**

### **State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)**

NE Department of Health and Human Services

\$296,603

The Nebraska PREP state grant program is supporting six public and private entities that provide evidence-based programs to youth with a special focus on racial/ethnic minorities, as well as youth in foster care and the juvenile system.

### **Tribal Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)**

**FY 2016 – FY 2020**

Great Plains Tribal Chairmen's Health Board           \$598,227

Great Plains Tribal Chairmen's Health Board program serves approximately 500 American Indian/Alaska Native youth per year, in five tribal communities throughout the Great Plains area of Iowa, **Nebraska**, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

### **Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Grant**

NE Department of Health and Human Services

\$311,440

The Nebraska Title V State Abstinence Education Program provides funding to three local entities to serve youth ages 10-14 in six counties. The programs target African- American, Latino, and Native American youth, as well as youth in foster care and the juvenile justice system.

### **Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 1**

**FY 2015 – FY 2019**

Planned Parenthood of the Heartland - Des Moines, IA

Program models: *Get Real*; *Draw the Line/Respect the Line*; *Be Proud! Be Responsible!*; *Making Proud Choices!*

\$965,988

Planned Parenthood of the Heartland plans to implement evidence-based teen pregnancy prevention programs in six counties in Iowa and **Nebraska**. These communities include Woodbury, Pottawattamie, Mills and Page Counties in Iowa and Dakota and Douglas Counties in **Nebraska**. The teen birth rates across the six counties range from 32.7 to 51.2 per 1,000 teen girls. In each county, the grantee will implement *Get Real* and *Draw the Line/Respect the Line* in middle schools; *Be Proud! Be Responsible!* and *Making Proud Choices!* in high schools; and *Get Real* and *Draw the Line/Respect the Line* in community-based organizations. Overall, the project will serve nearly 5,700 youth over five-years.

### **Pregnancy Assistance Fund**

**FY 2018**

Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services – Lincoln, Nebraska

Settings: Community Service Centers

\$969,906

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<sup>4</sup> Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted. State PREP, Tribal PREP, and Title V Sexual Risk Avoidance Education grant amounts, where applicable, reflect the most recent annual award.

## TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN NEBRASKA

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 21,650 women in Nebraska in 2014.<sup>5</sup> These services helped women avoid 5,200 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 2,500 births and 1,900 abortions.
- In the absence of publicly-funded family planning services, the number of unintended pregnancies and abortions in Nebraska would be 42% higher.<sup>6</sup>
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Nebraska saved \$43.1 million in public funds in 2010.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Nebraska received for Title X decreased by \$40,848. The number of patients served increased by 2,850 (11%) during that time.
- In 2017, 24 clinics in Nebraska received support from Title X. They included federally qualified health centers (23), other services sites (9), hospitals (4), Planned Parenthood clinics (2), tribal health centers (1), and health department clinics (1).

***About Power to Decide:** Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at [PowerToDecide.org](http://PowerToDecide.org).*

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<sup>5</sup> “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

<sup>6</sup> “Publicly-funded family planning services” refers to all public funding sources that support family planning services, including Medicaid, Title X, and other state and federal resources.