



the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy

Key Information about Ohio as of January 2019

| State Policies to Increase Access to and Information About Contraception* | Does State Have Law or Policy? |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Expand Medicaid to childless adults as the ACA allows | Yes |
| Medicaid Family Planning Waiver or State Plan Amendment (SPA) | No |
| Medicaid reimbursement for postpartum LARC | Yes |
| State law/policies that allow pharmacists to prescribe contraception | No |
| State law/policies to extend the supply of prescription contraceptives | No |
| State law/policies to educate college students about unplanned pregnancy | No |
| Other state laws/policies/initiatives to increase access to contraception | Yes [†] |

[†] Ohio passed a law to implement recommendations from the Commission on Infant Mortality. Among other provisions, it provides for technical assistance grants in FY 2017 to Federally Qualified Health Centers interested in promoting awareness and use of LARC.

| Funding Streams for Teen and Unplanned Pregnancy Prevention** | Current Annual Funding Level |
|---|------------------------------|
| Personal Responsibility Education Funding (PREP) ¹ | |
| State PREP (if state opted to receive formula grant) | \$1,737,571 |
| Competitive PREP grants awarded in the state (if state opted out) | - |
| Tribal PREP | - |
| Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS) | \$916,297 |
| Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program ^{1,2} | \$1,960,964 |
| Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF) | - |
| Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted to receive) | \$2,197,074 |
| Title V Competitive Sexual Risk Avoidance Education (if state opted out) | |
| Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program ³ | \$963,217 |
| Title X Family Planning Program | \$8,682,000 |

| State Stats |
|---|
| 52% births are funded by Medicaid, as of 2014 |
| See more state stats at https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/national-state-data/ohio |

*For an overview of these state policies, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/key-state-policies-glance>

** For an overview of federal funding for teen pregnancy prevention, see <https://powertodecide.org/what-we-do/information/resource-library/federal-funding-streams-at-a-glance>

¹ Evidence-based education programs

² This may include multi-state grants and/or grants awarded to an organization in another state that benefit youth in OH.

³ Replaced the Competitive Abstinence Education Program beginning in FY 2016

FEDERAL TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION GRANTS⁴

State Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)

State of Ohio-Ohio Department of Health

\$1,737,571

The Ohio PREP state grant program is managed through a partnership between the Ohio Department of Health, the Ohio Department of Youth Services, and the Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services. Ohio PREP directs funding toward local public and private entities to provide evidence-based programming for youth in foster care and the juvenile justice system.

Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)

FY 2016 – FY 2020

OhioHealth Research Institute - Columbus, OH

\$916,297

FY 2010 – FY 2015

Ohio Health Research and Innovation Institute - Columbus, OH

Project Name: *Teen Options to Prevent Pregnancy* (T.O.P.P.)

\$560,344

OhioHealth Research and Innovation Institute aims to prevent repeat pregnancies among pregnant and parenting among low-income women, ages 10 to 19, in central Ohio. The grantee will conduct a randomized controlled trial with 600 participants to test the efficacy of *T.O.P.P.*, an intervention based upon a theory known as Andersen's Behavioral Model of Health Service Use. *T.O.P.P.* is a combination of telephone-based care coordination and mobile contraceptive services designed to decrease attitudinal, educational, and logistic barriers to contraceptive use and adherence. The targeted population is predominantly a minority population.

Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Grant

State of Ohio-Ohio Department of Health

\$2,197,094

Ohio is implementing the State Abstinence Education Grant in 32 Appalachian and eight urban counties. The program targets young people ages 11–14, primarily in school-based settings.

Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program Grant

FY 2016 – FY 2018

Healthy Visions - Cincinnati, OH

\$372,005

Elizabeth's New Life Center - Dayton, OH

\$548,103

FY 2016 – FY 2018

Operation Keepsake - Twinsburg, OH

\$415,114

⁴ Federal teen pregnancy prevention grants are listed as annual amounts, unless otherwise noted. State PREP, Tribal PREP, and Title V Sexual Risk Avoidance Education grant amounts, where applicable, reflect the most recent annual award.

Competitive Abstinence Education Grant Program

FY 2014

Operation Keepsake, Inc. - Twinsburg, OH
\$431,667 (to be spent through FY 2015)

FY 2013

Alliance for Healthy Youth - Akron, OH
\$462,142 (to be spent through FY 2014)

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 2

FY 2018 – FY 2019

Healthy Visions – Cincinnati, OH
\$375,000

Healthy Visions will implement the Weekly Youth Engagement Program (WYE) with primarily African American students in 6th - 12th grade attending five middle and high schools in Cincinnati, Ohio. WYE is a weekly, embedded engagement program that combines sexual risk avoidance education with positive youth development programming and one-on-one mentoring, with the goal of reducing unplanned pregnancy and promoting abstinence. WYE focuses on strengthening protective factors, including positive connections to supportive adults, through curricula that emphasize parent engagement and teach goal setting and leadership development.

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 1

FY 2015 – FY 2019

Cuyahoga County District Board of Health - Parma, OH
Program models: *All 4 You!*; *Draw the Line/Respect the Line*; *Reducing the Risk*
\$960,964

The Cuyahoga County Board of Health (CCBH) intends to reduce the overall teen pregnancy rate in Cuyahoga County by at least 10% and the African-American teen birth rate disparity ratio by at least 25%. In order to achieve this goal, CCBH implements evidenced-based teen pregnancy prevention programs in middle schools, high schools, and in LGBT Community Centers. Within each of the identified settings, target municipalities and school districts have the highest teen birth rates and racial disparities within Cuyahoga County, and thus CCBH aims to reduce the overall teen birth rate.

Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program — Tier 1

FY 2010 – FY 2014

Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA) of Hamilton Ohio - Hamilton, OH
Program model: *FOCUS*
\$405,575

The YWCA project will serve 17-23 year old females in Butler County, including high school juniors and seniors, and college students who may be drawn to the *FOCUS* conferences at Miami University Hamilton. The project, called *Keep Females On Course for US*, will be conducted through a unique partnership of the YWCA of Hamilton and Miami University Hamilton, and will be a service-learning project for student nurses. Student nurses will teach the evidence-based program and act as role models for the participating teens. The goal of this program is to provide curriculum-based intervention to

educate 700 young people annually on issues such as responsible behavior, relationships, and pregnancy and STD prevention.

Carnegie Mellon University - Pittsburgh, PA

Program model: *What Could You Do?*

\$1,480,578

Researchers at Carnegie Mellon University, in collaboration with a clinical team from West Virginia University, will implement the *What Could You Do?* intervention in family planning and adolescent health clinics. The project will serve female adolescents, ages 14-19, seeking care at one of the participating clinics. The project sites will serve rural and urban settings with racially diverse populations; the communities served will include Allegheny County, Pennsylvania; **Franklin County, Ohio**; and six counties in West Virginia (Braxton, Boone, Harrison, Mercer, Mingo, and Randolph). The project also includes an independently conducted rigorous evaluation. The goal of the project is to reduce the number of teen pregnancies and STI diagnoses among participants.

TITLE X FAMILY PLANNING SERVICES IN OHIO

- Title X–supported centers provided contraceptive care to 65,220 women in Ohio in 2014.⁵ These services helped women avoid 15,800 unintended pregnancies, which would have resulted in 7,700 births and 5,700 abortions.
- In the absence of publicly-funded family planning services, the number of unintended pregnancies and abortions in Ohio would be 23% higher.⁶
- By preventing sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and unplanned pregnancies, Title X-supported centers in Ohio saved \$140.4 million in public funds in 2010.
- From FY 2010 to FY 2017, the amount of federal funding Ohio received for Title X increased by \$1,563,094. The number of patients served declined by 2,600 (3%) during that time.
- In 2017, 87 clinics in Ohio received support from Title X. They included health department clinics (49), Planned Parenthood (18), other clinic sites (8), family planning centers (7), and federally qualified health centers (5).

About Power to Decide: *Power to Decide, the campaign to prevent unplanned pregnancy, works to ensure that every young person has the power to decide if, when, and under what circumstances to get pregnant and have a child—increasing their opportunity to pursue the future they want. Join us at PowerToDecide.org.*

⁵ “Title X-supported centers” are supported by a mix of funding sources (in addition to Title X funding) including Medicaid, funding from state and local governments, private grants and fundraising, reimbursement from commercial insurance, patient fees, and federal grants.

⁶ “Publicly-funded family planning services” refers to all public funding sources that support family planning services, including Medicaid, Title X, and other state and federal resources.